### S-Pattern Task - CLIP 1

**Teacher: Jeff Ziegler** 

**District: Pittsburgh Public Schools** 

**Grades: 11-12** 

#### *Group 1 – First Interaction with Teacher*

- 1 S: The top is your x but that's constant. That's always gonna stay the same.
- 2 S: Okay.
- 3 S: So, then you have to find the number that's before x to get to that. You already found
- 4 what you have to add to get to that. Now you have to multiply to get to that.
- 5 S: We figured this (pointing to the table)...
- 6 S: We found out a pattern.
- 7 S: I can't do equations. I can't factor. So...yeah, we figured that out first period.
- 8 T: Okay, so, you're...okay so you're going to start with a table and see if you can find the
- 9 equation from the table?
- 10 S: Yeah.
- 11 T: Okay.
- 12 S: But we don't know how...we don't know...
- 13 S: I don't even know how to start to find the equation there.
- 14 S: We know what the "b" is. We don't know if it should be x + 3 or x +
- 15 'cause these are all odds on the bottom.
- 16 T: Right.
- 17 S: They're always going to be odds. So it's plus 2 between them. There's a difference of
- 18 two between them.
- 19 T: Okay.
- 20 S: We already know the top rows are x. One, 2, 3, 4...like that's our x.
- 21 T: Right.
- 22 S: Our pattern. The growth is...I don't know what the growth is.

- 23 S: You got something.
- 24 S: The growth is an odd. It's like odd numbers.
- 25 T: Okay, so you have the table, you have these numbers written out.
- 26 S: Right, if we had the equation we should be . . .
- 27 S: How do we graph it with no equation?
- 28 T: Well no kidding. Oh yeah, if I gave you the equation, life would be great. What do you
- 29 have?
- 30 S: This.
- 31 T: Which is a what?
- 32 S: S.
- 33 T: Okay. It has what?
- 34 S: Squares.
- 35 T: Okay. How many?
- 36 S: 26.
- 37 T: In number 5?
- 38 S: Yes.
- 39 T: Okay, that's 26. There's no other way you can come up with that number 26 than just
- 40 counting?
- 41 S: You can go by, like ...
- 42 S: So *x* plus . . .
- 43 S: He's leaving us.

### Group 2 – First Interaction with Teacher

- 44 S: I broke it down real easy, real simple to this. It obviously looks real simple. So...
- 45 T: Do you guys know what he's doing?

46	S:	Yeah.
47	S:	Yeah.
48	S:	We all helped.
49	T:	Hold up. You did this. Tell me what you did. You don't know?
50	S:	I was working by myself.
51	T:	Oh, okay. Do you know what he was doing? Okay what's this?
52	S:	This is a group effort.
53	S:	I know.
54 55 56 57 58	S:	Whatever the pattern number is, not even looking atnot even looking at this, just whatever the pattern number is, you take it and you times it by 2 because there's 2, there's obviously 2 rows and eachthe top row and the bottom row both have the numberthis number, the 2. And then times that by 2 and that will give you the top and the bottom and the middle is a square so
59	T:	Right.
60 61	S:	You minyou do 2you do theah, I'm going to call this $x$ . $(X-1)^2$ . That will give you the middle and you just add them together.
62	S:	I understand him, I just can't explain it.
63	S:	Did you understand that, Zieg?
64	T:	Yes.
65 66 67	S:	And then I got another one, I got another one, though. I don't knowif you take it and go this way, rectangle, you take $x + 1$ and then do $x - 1$ and that will give you, that will give you this dimension right here.
68	T:	Go back to the first one. There. Look at what he's doing. Tell me what he is doing.
69	S:	What do you mean, like?
70 71	T:	When he came up with it, when he was explaining the top row and the bottom row and the center, do you know what he was talking about?
72	S:	Yeah.
73	T:	What?

74	S:	I don't know how to say it, but I helped him do that, too, like it's not just all him.
75	T:	Okay. So tell me, show me. I mean, do you have it in your head? Is it on paper?
76 77 78	S:	It's in my head. He said that, okay, the middle, there's one square in the middle and then there's 2 on the top. Subtract 1 to get the numbersubtract one and square it to get the number of the boxes in the middle.
79	T:	Okay.
80 81	S:	So $x$ - 1so 3 - 1 is 2 and then you square 2 to get 4 in the middle and then you multiply the whatever sequence you're on times 2 'cause there's a top and a bottom.
82 83 84 85	T:	Okay. And that's how you came up with the equation? So, okay, can you take his equation $2x + (x - 1)^2$ and can you put it to a picture? Can you put it to these pictures? Like let's, let's pull out, let's say number 4, okay? If we take this, how does this picture right here relate to $2x + (x - 1)^2$ ?
86	S:	So that's simpler than
87	S:	and then you add 2. You see what I'm saying? You see what I am saying, Nick?
88	S:	That's simpler than
89	S:	That's the easy way to break it down. You go fromyou just take these 2